CONFEDERATION OF KERALA SAHODAYA COMPLEXES COMMON MODEL EXAMINATION, 2019 - 2020 CLASS X SOCIAL SCIENCE [087]

Time Allowed: 3Hrs

Max.Marks:80

General Instructions:

- i. The question paper has 35 questions in all.
- ii. Marks are indicated against each question.
- iii. Questions from serial number **1 to 20** are objective type questions. Each questions carries **one mark**. Answer them as instructed.
- iv. Questions from serial No. 21 to 28 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- v. Questions from serial No. 29 to 34 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- vi. Questions No. **35** is a map question of **6 marks** with two parts. **35 a** from History (2 marks) and **35 b** from Geography (4 marks).

SECTION A –Objective type questions

1) The idea ofcan be depicted from the below cartoon?



(a) Poverty	(b) Healthcare
(c) Development	(d) Collateral

2) Arrange the following iron ore mines in the direction of North to South

1. Bailadila 3. Mayurbhanj	 Durg Bellary

(a) 3, 2, 1, 4	(b) 1, 2, 3, 4
(c) 4, 3, 2, 1	(d) 1, 2, 4, 3

- 3) What was the major change that occurred in the political and constitutional scenario due to the French Revolution in Europe?
- 4) Arrange the following in the correct sequence

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- (i) Chauri Chaura Incident
- (ii) Khilafat Movement
- (iii) Jallianwala Bagh Incident
- (iv) Mahatma Gandhi returned to India

Options

a. (i) — (ii) — (iii) — (iv) b. (iii) — (ii) — (i) — (iv) c. (iv) — (ii) — (i) — (iii) d. (iv) — (iii) — (ii) — (1)

5) Your uncle works in a telephone and computer manufacturing factory. Which type industry is it?

(a) Iron and Steel	(b) Electronics
(c) Aluminium	(d) Information Technology

OR

Which mineral is extracted from the Khetri mines in Rajastan?

6) In the question given below ,there are two statements marked as assertion (A) and Reason (R).Read the statement and choose the correct option.

Assertion (A): In fact organic farming is much in vogue today.

Reason (R): It is practiced without factory made chemicals such as fertilizers and pesticides. **Options**:

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c. A is correct but R is wrong.
- d. A is wrong but R is correct.
- Which one of the following states recorded least per capita income in India according to 2013– 14 data?

a. Madhya Pradesh	b. Bihar
c. Haryana	d. Uttar Pradesh.

8) Complete the following table by writing the values of A and B in the table.

Primary Sector	Secondary Sector	Tertiary Sector
Fisherman	Matchmaker	B?
Bee-keeping	A?	Worker of call centre

(1/2+1/2=1)

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9) Water logging is one of the main cause of Land degradation in which of the following states?

a. Punjab	b. Rajasthan
c. Assam	d. Tamil Nadu

10) Study the picture and answer the questions that follow.



Which of the following aspect best signifies this picture?

- a. Women suffrage
- b. Women participated in Quit India Movement
- c. Women participated in Civil Disobedience Movement
- d. Women participated in Non-Cooperation Movement.
- 11) Wind energy received in abundance in western Rajasthan and Gujarat has not been so far utilized and developed to the maximum. It falls in which category of resources?
 - OR

What is the technique of rainwater harvesting?

12) Which one of the following set up the first Jute Mill in India?

a. Seth Hukum Chand

b. J RD Tata

- c. British Government
- d. English East India Company

13) _____ prevents the elected MLAs and MPs from changing parties, especially after elections.

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14) Correct the following statement and rewrite

All India Trinamool Congress (AITC) was launched on 26th January 1990 under the leadership of Kanshi Ram.

OR

Indian National Congress was founded in 1785 and is one of the oldest political parties of the world.

15) Who among the following wrote Ninety Five Theses criticising many of the practices and rituals of the Roman Catholic Church?

(a) Galileo Galileo	(b) Martin Luther
(c) Copernicus	(d) Petrarch

16) Match the following items given in column A with those in column B.

Column A	Column B
(A) Gomasthas	(1) Official who acted as company's agent
(B) Spinning Jenny	2) Richard Arkwright
(C) Steam engine	(3) James Hargreaves
(D) Cotton mill	(4) James Watt

- 17) Who launched the Bhoodan –Gramdan movement?
 - a) Mahatma Gandhi b) Vinoba Bhave
 - c) Medha patekar d) Sunderlal Bahuguna
- 18) Kerala, with lower per capita income has a better human development ranking than Punjab. However, it would be wrong to say that per capita income is not a useful criterion at all. It has some limitations. But this does not imply that it is not useful at all. To counter the inadequacy of this average, the Human Development Index (HDI) is used. The HDI uses a combination of development factors such as health, education, income for comparison.

Analyze the Human Development Comparison given above, considering one of the following correct option:

- a. They hide disparities. Although averages are useful for comparison.
- b. Per capita income is one of the development factors and cannot be done away with.
- c. Per capita income is useful for comparing the money index of states.
- d. Both B and C
- 19) Correct the following statement and rewrite:

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In the 1920s in England, popular works were sold in cheap series called cheap book series.

OR

With the onset of the Great Depression in 1950s publishers feared a decline in book purchases.

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20) Why are MNCs attracted to India?

OR

What is meant by double coincidence of wants?

Section B Short answer questions

21) Why was the imperial state in China a major producer of printed material for a long time? 3

Or

What was Rowlatt Act? How did the Indians show their disapproval towards this Act?

22) Read the sources given below and answer the questions that follows-

Source A: Idea of Satyagraha 'Satyagraha is not physical force. A satyagrahi does not inflict pain on the adversary; he does not seek his destruction..... In the use of satyagraha, there is no ill-will whatever. 'Satyagraha is pure soul-force. Truth is the very substance of the soul. That is why this force is called satyagraha. The soul is informed with knowledge. In it burns the flame of love..... Non-violence is the supreme dharma'It is certain that India cannot rival Britain or Europe in force of arms. The British worship the war god and they can all of them become, as they are becoming, bearers of arms. The hundreds of millions in India can never carry arms. They have made the religion of non-violence their own'

Source B: Great leader-Jawaharlal Nehru On 6 January 1921, the police in United Provinces fired at peasants near Rae Bareli, Jawaharlal Nehru wanted to go to the place of firing, but was stopped by the police. Agitated and angry, Nehru addressed the peasants who gathered around him. This is how he later described the meeting: 'They behaved as brave men, calm and unruffled in the face of danger. I do not know how they felt but I know what my feelings were. For a moment my blood was up, non-violence was almost forgotten-but for a moment only. The thought of the great leader, who by the God's goodness has been sent to lead us to victory, came to me, and I saw the kisans seated and standing near me, less exited, more peaceful than I was - and the moment of weakness passed, I spoke to them in all humility on non-violence - I needed the lesson more than they - and they heeded me and peacefully dispersed'.

Source C : The Independence Day Pledge, 26 January 1930 We believe that it is the inalienable right of the Indian people, as of any other people, to have freedom and to enjoy the fruits of their toil and have the necessities of life, so that they may have full opportunities of growth. We believe also that if any government deprives a people of these rights and oppresses them, the people have a further right to alter it or to abolish it. The British Government in India has not only deprived the Indian people of their freedom but has based itself on the exploitation of the masses, and has ruined India economically, politically, culturally, and spiritually. We believe, Therefore, that India must sever the British connection and attain Purna Swaraj or Complete Independence. 1+1+1=3

Source -A: Idea of Satyagraha

	22 (1) What do the British worship?	
	Source -B: Great leader-Jawaharlal Nehru	
	22 (2) What is the source of the above passage?	
	Source -C: The Independence Day Pledge, 26 January 1930	
	22 (3) What do you mean by purna Swaraj?	
23)	Why is mica considered to be an indispensable mineral for the electronics industry? Mention to names of the main mica-producing areas of India.	the 3
24)	Define average income. Write the demerit of using average income for comparing countries	3
	Define secondary sector. Why is it called industrial sector? Give examples.	
25)	Why is the growth rate in agriculture decelerating? How did the Government of India make efforts to modernize agriculture? Explain.	3
26)	How is money used in everyday life? Explain with examples	3
27)	Explain the system of Accommodation adopted in Belgium	3
28)	Examine the political outcome of democracy.	3
	OR	
	"Communalism can take various forms in politics." Elucidate	
	Section C- Long answer questions	
29)	How do banks mediate between those who have surplus money and those who need money?	5
30)	Who inspired the tribal peasants of Andhra Pradesh and how?	5
	OR Describe the incident and impact of the Jallianwala Bagh.	
31)	Mention the challenges faced by political parties in democracies all over the world. Explain in detail.	5
32)	The workers in the unorganised sector need protection on the following issues: wages, safety and health. Explain with examples.	5
33)	How can religion influence politics?	5

34) Name the ore from which aluminium is obtained. Why is aluminium considered to be an important metal? Name the areas which have rich deposits of the ore of aluminium.

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MAP skill based questions

- 35) (a) Two places (A) and (B) have been marked on the given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them
 - (A) The place where Jallianwala Bagh incident took place.
 - (B) The place where the indigo planters movement took place. $[1\times2=2]$

(**b**) On the same outline map of India locate and label any four of the following with suitable symbol

 $[1 \times 4 = 4]$

(i) Mumbai high
(ii) Ankaleshwar
(iii) Kalol
(iv) Naharkata
(v) Bassien
(vi) Digboi

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